DEMOCRATS FEEL MORE HOPEFUL

(Continued from First Page.)

couraging reports from that State, and declares the Democrata will carry it for Parker. That Kern, the Democratic gubernatorial candidate will be elected, and that a Democratic Legislature is a strong probability. The new Legislature will elect a successor to Senator Boyeridge. Democrats feel that the exceptionally strong State ticket in West Virwill elect a successor to Senator Boy-eridge. Democrats feel that the excep-tionally strong State ticket in West Vir-ginia will win by a safe majority and carry the State for Parker, while it is very likely that Cornwell, the Demo-crat, will be elected Governor. There is considerable doubt concerning tag out-come as to the electoral vote. Colorado is regarded as more safely Democratic than West Virginia, and so is Indiana.

Beneath His Notice.

Beneath His Notice.

Governor-Chairman Odell, of New York, is the only man in America who has made an attack upon the personal character of Judge Parker in a speech in this city last night Goveror Odell asserted that Judge Parker decided a case, while on the State Supreme Court bench, in which the shiphuliding trust was interested, and that at the same time held some of the trust's stock Judge Parker would not delgn to reply to the charge to-day, but it is absolutely true that he never owned a share of the stock of the company, and that he has never decided a case in which the rights of the corporation were involved That the charge was made is indicative of the desperate straits to which the Republicans are reduced in efforts to carry this State. The campaign will close without a single blemish having been found upon the private or public character of the Democratic nominee. It has bee very generally asserted that President Roosevelt would receive a large percentage of the Catholic vote, though no especial reason for this attitude of the church has ever been advanced.

Catholics for Parker.

Catholics for Parker.

Democratic campaign managers do not believe much in such a thing as the Catolic vote, for the church does not attempt to control its children in the matter of political opinions. The Democratic managers do believe, however, that thinking Catholics will naturally hesitate to endorse a candidate whose Secretary of State John Hay, has made attacks upon the church more violent than any ever the church more violent than any ever made by an American official One or two of the New York papers have recentigainst the church President Roosevelt has sought to strengthen his candidacy has sought to strengthen his candidacy by asserting that if elected Mr. Hay will continue to hold the portfolio of the State Department. In case of the death or re-moval from office of the President and Vice-President, the Secretary of State becomes President.

Have Accomplished Much.

Even if Judge Parker should be de-ated, Democrats feel they have accom-All reports from the President the same thing.

Exceedingly Doubtful.

Chairman Babcock, of the Republican National Congressional Committee, a lit-tic later told the President it was ex-ceedingly doubtful whether the Repub-licans would control the next House of Representatives. Senator Spooner, of wisconsin, about three weeks ago, gave out an interview of the most depressing character from the Republican viewpoint.

All on the Stump.

Every member of the Cabinet, with the Every member of the Cabinet, with the exception of Postunaster-General Wynne, has been forced to take the stump. Even flecretary Morton, a railroad man, who never made a speech in his life, has been driven to take off his coat. Secretary Metcalf, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, who had the reputation of being the poorest speaker in the House of Representatives when he was a member of that body, has had to yield to the pressure and take the stump. Numbers of minor officials have also been sent into the field to work for the election of the man upon whom they are dependent

of minor officials have also been sent into the field to work for the election of the man upon whom they are dependent for their positions. Socretary Shaw and Secretary Taft have scarcely been at their desks an weeks, so busily engaged have they been in stumping the country for Mr. Roosevelt.

It is said, however, that the President is not satisfied with the defense of the administration as put forth by the members of his Cabinet. He probably fails to realize the magnitude of the task. At any rate, it is asserted that he has grown far more restive under the restraint imposed upon him, and no one acquainted with the President would be surprised if he broke away and attmepted a defense of his course towards Panama, of his action in making his private secretary head of the department which was formed largely for the purpose of gaining the secrets of the business of trusts, and then making him national chairman, with the duty of soliciting campaign contributions from these same trusts; of his someraults on public questions; of his "big stick" policy; of his Philippine policy—but the points on which he is attacked are too numerous for enumeration.

No Longer Silent.

No Longer Silent.

No Longer Silent.

It is hard to believe, in the light of the developments of the past week, that a few days ago Judge Parker was spoken of as the "Silent Man of Esopus," the candidate who, so far as the public knew, had no views on any but one public question—a man too timid to talk or incapable of expressing his views in a way worthy of a candidate for the presidency, Judge Parker has spoken with a fearlessness, earnestness and vigor that has commanded the attention and the admiration of the country. That his speeches have made votes for the Democratic ticket is most clearly shown by the alarm approaching consternation, which they have caused among Republicans.

These speeches of the Democratic nomines may result in his election to the incapable of expressing his views in a way worthy of a candidate for the presidency. Judge Parker has spoken with a fearlessness, earnestness and vigor that has commanded the attention and the admiration of the country. That his speeches have made votes for the Democratic ticket is most clearly shown by the alarm, approaching consternation, which they have caused among Republicane.

These speeches of the Democratic noming the introduced may agent to give it to him and he paid in it. I know it because I introduced may and he paid to it. I know it because I introduced may agent to give it to him and he paid to it. I know it because I introduced may agent to give it to him and he paid to it. I know it because I introduced may agent to give it to him and he paid to give it. I know it because I introduced may agent to give it to him and he paid to it. I know it because I introduced may agent to give it to him and he paid to it. I know it because I introduced may agent to give it to him and he paid to it. I know it because I introduced may agent to give it to him and he paid to give it to him and he paid to give it to him and he paid to tit. I know it because I introduced may agent to give it to him and he paid to give it

Useful all the Year Round.

LARRABEE'S RHEUMATIC LINIMENT

century Larrabee's Rheumatic Liniment has been known and successfully used. Its wonderful carative power in Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Toothache, Backache, Catarrh, etc., is shown by the thousands of testimonials received. It's a sure and positive cure for all pains and aches. A bottle or two of this old household remedy should always be in the home ready for instant use.

Price 25c a Bottle.

For sale by all druggists, or will be sent by mail on reccipt of price.

THE CARROLLTON CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

ROOSEVELT ON WAR PATH

Denounced as False.

The assertion that there has been black

from the Northern Securities suit to the settlement of the anthracite coal strike, is compatible with any theory of public behavior save the theory of doing exact justice to all men without fear and without favoritism. I would ask all honest asd fair-minded men to remember that the agents through whom I have worked are Mr. Knox and Mr. Moody, in the Department of Justice; Mr. Cortelyou in the Department of Commerce and Labor. the Department of Commerce and Labor, and Mr. Garfield in the Bureau of Corp. rations, and that no such act of infamy as Mr. Parker charges could have been done without all these men being parties

"The statements made by Mr. Parker ar unqualifiedly and atrociously false. As Mr. Cortelyou has said to me more than once during this campaign, if elected I shall go into the presidency unhampered by any piedge, promise or understanding of any kind, sort or description, save my of any kind, sort or description, save my promise, made openly to the American pepole, that so far as in my power lies I shall see to it that every man has a square deal, no less and no more."
"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

ODELL TAKES IT UP.

He Charges That the Democratic Candidate Is a Trust Man. (By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Governor Odell took up the matter of Judge Parker and the shipbuilding combine in his speech at the Murray Hill Liceum to-night. He

nt the Murray Hill Liceum to-night. He said;
"For the first time in my recollection a Democrat his seen fit to attack a President. I have stood the abuse heaped on my head, but when I find men paradlias trust-busiers, when the contrary is the truth, I feel that it is not honest and is only being done to get your votes. "I said Judge Parker had been connected with trusts. I know it. I know that Judge Parker had 25,000 of shipbuilding and the reason I know it is because he came to me and asked me to let him have it. I know it because I introduced my agent to give it to him and he paid for it.

CLEVELAND SPEAKS

of Republican protectionists, was there-upon constituted to manage the affair, "Notwithstanding the manner in which this commission was constituted, its members were constrained by fear or shame, or by both, to recommend a reduction in tariff rates of from twenty to twenty-five per cent.

Vicious Activity.

Vicious Activity.

Thereupon certain selfish interests which had such 'control of the party in power that they had become accustomed to demand and receive from its hands the tremendous profils (arising from hordinate protection, were aroused to the most vicious activit and made a demonstration of their control, alike humilialing to American particism, discrediting to our scheme of popular rule, and disgraceful to the party which surrendered to their dictation.

be trusted to justly relieve the people by tariff provision except the friends of radical protection.

Startling Conditions.

Startling Conditions.

Proceeding the speaker said: You cannot wonder that I am startled by the difference between condition now and those that provabled when I visited Newark in the Presidential campaign of 183. Then the people were not in the fetters of trusts and combinations; the expenditures of the government were careful and economical as compared with the extravagance of these later days; and the rate of tariff taxation which the Democracy then condemned as yielding more than sufficient revene for government needs, was mederate as compared with present exactions. I come again after twenty years. The rate of tariff taxation has increased by one-fourth, the expenditures of the government have more than doubled, and hundreds of industrial trusts and combinations, the vicious progeny of streme tariff protection, openly or stealthilly search the pockets of our people. Again I use my words of twenty years ago; "The right of the government taken from the clitzen is limited by its exact necessities, and every cent taken from the people beyond that required for their protection by the government is no better than robbery."

What Does It Mean.

What Does It Mean.

As I repeat those words the question is in my mind whether the startling changes we contemplate will add force and emphasis to this sentiment which in 1884 was endorsed by our countrymen, or whether with these change another of deeper and sadder significance has taken place in our people's modes of thought and their conceptions of American sturdiness of citizensbip. Has the steady growth of public extravagance been co artfully concealed by glorification of their country's progress that they no longer consider public frugality as 'a fundamental element in governmental duty which they cannot remit either with safety to our institutions or justice to their own best interests?

No War Upon the Rich.

No War Upon the Rich.

In conclusion, Mr. Cleveland said: "Our party makes no warfare upon the rich, nor upon legitimate enterprises. Its definition of American citizenship is broad enough and just enough to embrace all people—the rich and poor alike—and all corporations and associations of capital, legitimately engaged in legitimate business; but it insists that the government should in no way and by no device or abuse of its functions be necessary to the creation of vast combinations of industrial and business enterprises, whose inevitable tendencies are to control wrongfully the cost of our people's living and strangle independent and individual business effort.

Equity before the law and equal opor-

strange incependent and indiviousl business effort.
Equity before the law and equal oportunity for all, define outdinal Democratic doctrine. Under this flag we fight the battle of the people. We seek to invest them again with the equality which is their right by virtue of American citizenship and to restore to them the equality of American manhood.
Following Mr. Cleveland, Former Comproller of the Currency, James H. Eckels, of Chicago, talked on tariff and money questions.

Davis at His Home.

Davis at His Home.

(By Associated Press.)

ELKINS, W. VA., Nov. 4.—Henry G. Davis appealed to his fellow townsmen to-night to support him as the Democratic mominee for the Vice-Presidency. The appeal was responded to by tumultuous applause by as many of the ottlzens of Elkins as could get into the local operatouse. Among those who sat behind the Senator on the stage were Blane and Davis. Elkins, sons of Senator Elkins. The meeting here was the culmination of a day of campaigning on a special train. The train reached Elkins at one o'clock. To-morrow night Mr. Davis will speak at Belington, which will conclude his work in the campaign. His address to-night was supplemented by a comprehensive discussion of the issues by the Woods Dally.

Speaks at Parsons.

(By Associated Press.)
PARSONS, W. VA., Nov. 4.—Speaking
to an audience which filled the town hall,
Mr. Davis gave his views on the Panama

Mr. Davis gave his views on the Panama incident.
During the Civil War, the United States, he said, had been in the attitude of imploring foreign nations not to recognize the secession of the Southern States. Yet within forty-eight hours after the revolution at Panama had been decided on at a town meeting. "President Rosevelt recognized the new government of Panama and sent warships to keep Columbia from coming within fifty miles of the Isthmus. This, Mr. Davis said, was inconsistent with our past attitude.

SWANSON'S FINE CANVASS He Looks for His Usual Large Majority.

Majority.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

CHATHAM. VA., November 4.—Congressman Swanson closed his campaign of the district in this county at Sycamore Station on Friday, where he addressed a large gathering of his constituents. During the week he made fine speeches in this county to large gatherings, arousing much enthusiasm.

Though suffering from a recent attack of acute indigestion, his ardor was not the least lessened. Mr. Swanson never failed to arraign the present administration and President in a terrific manner, which found a ready response from his loyal hearers.

Fant has been expressed that a light

found a ready response from his loyal hearers.

Fear has been expressed that a light vote will be polled next Tuesday, owing to the prevailing apathy and little interest manifested during the campaisn, but Mr. Swanson is confident of his usual large majority in the county.

The total number of voters in the county, who have paid their taxes as required by the new Constitution, is 4,200, of which 683 are negroes. Added to the former number will be 300 and probably more Confederate voterans, bringing the total eligible vote to 4,500. The Democrats can safely count or not less than 1,600 majority in this county, and very probably between 2,500 and 8,000 in the district.

SOME FIRING BEING DONE

Fighting Around Linchintoun KILLED UNDER Lasts But a Brief

ARE GETTING FRESH TROOPS and

Both Sides Seem as Determined as Ever to Keep Fighting Up.

MUKDEN, November 4.—There was a brisk exchange of artillery firing here yesterday extending from the village of Linchintoun eastward on built

now entrenching along the Hun River to the westward.

On Monday, a Russian extreme right, a squadron of Don Cossacks charged a battery of Japanese artillery, near Lidan-toun. The Cossacks went forward at a gallop through a field of uncut millet against the fire of the battery and had of companies of Japanese infantry rose

GETTING FRESH TROOPS.

Chinese Report That the Japs Arc Mendin Their

(Br Associated Press.) CHE FOO, November 4-9:30 P. M.-Chinese who left Dalny yesterday even ing report that batches of wounded wer

thur are awaited here with an intensity of interest greater than any displayed since the beginning of the war.

BOTH DETERMINED.

Japanese Continue Their Vigorous Assault on Port Arthur.

(By Associated Press.)
SHANGHAI, November 4—Advices
reached Shanghai to-day saying that
the Japanese assault on Port Arthur conexplosion of a magazine on November

A belief prevails that the Russian war-ship will make another attempt to es-

POLES RAISE OBJECTION.

(By Associated Press.)
RRESLAU, PRUSSIAN SILESIA, November 4.—Three thousand Poles marched through the streets of Czestochowa, Russian Poland, Wednesday, as a protest against the mobilization. The chief of police and gendarmes ordered the paraders to disperse, but they refused to paraders to disperse, but they refused to do so and continued to sing Polish songs. A detachment of infantry then charged the mob with bayonets with the result that si xpersons were killed and twenty

BREAKS HIS RECORD.

Fairbanks Makes Fifteen Speeches in Indiana.

in Indiana.

(By Associated Press.)

EVANSVILLE, IND., Nov. 4.—Senator Charles W. Falrbanks to-day covered the territory in Southern Indiana lying between Terre Haute and Evansville. The senator made fifteen speeches during the day's tip. The evening meeting here was intably large and enthusiastic.

The day's tour was mostly through the coal mining region of Indiana, and the miners in many instances formed a large part of the Senator's audiences. To them he emphasized the desirability of continuance of Republican rule because, he said, it was under Republican administration that all prosperity had come to the miners, the farms and the factories during the last seven years. A large portion of the country through which Senator Fairbanks passed to-day is regarded as the Democratic stronghold of Indiana, and there were occasional cheers for Parker, but in the main the receptions accorded the Senator were cordial and enthusiastic.

there were occasional cheers for Parker, but in the main the receptions accorded the Senator were cordial and enthusiastic,

BABCOCK'S CLAIMS.

Republican Chairman Claims

The Next House,

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Chairman Babcock of the Republican Congressional Committee, to-day sent the following telesgram to Speaker Cannon:

"Permit me to thank you and congratulate you on behalf of the National Republican Congressional Committee, to-day sent the following telesgram to Speaker Cannon:

"Permit me to thank you and congratulate you on behalf of the National Republican Congressional Committee for the magnificent campaign you have made during the past six weeks. From our reports and the best information available, I am pleased to advise you that the Republican Constitution, fatulency and all dispersions will elect not less than 268 members of the next House with a probability of a least ten seats more.

**Percent and the Second of the National Republican Constitution, fatulency and all dispersion to advise you that the Republican Constitution Authority of the past six weeks. From our reports and the Second of the next House with a probability of a least ten seats more.

**Permit me to thank you and congratulate you on behalf of the National Republican Congressional Committee for the magnificent campaign you have made during the past six weeks. From our reports and the week and place of the next House with a probability of a least ten seats more.

**Permit me to thank you and congratulate you on behalf of the National Republican Constitution. The winehase arises that the Republican Constitution of the past six weeks. From our reports and the wine. The winehase reports and the wine. The winehase reports and the seat more and the wine. The winehase reports and the wine. The winehase reports and the past six weeks. The winehase reports and the wine wine to the wine. The winehase reports and the wine. The winehase reports and the wine. The winehase reports and the wine to the wine. The winehase report least ten seats more. "J. W. BABCOCK, Chairman."

DEMOCRATS TO WATCH.

Will See That the Election Laws

Are Observed in New York.

(Ry Associated Press.)

NEW YORK. Nov. 4—Every election district in the State will be watched by personal representatives of the Executive Committee of the Democratic State Com-

CAR WHEELS

Trying to Get Work.

Trying to Get work.

Better was evidently written in
to one from Thomas, inquising
a position. The writer thought
was some chance of securing a poand invited him to come to Wide altion and invited him to come to Water. The writer, also, thought there was a chance in Richmond. There was no address to this lotter, and it is not known where it was sent to Thomas.

Among the other papers were several express receipts for various sums of mohey, and a package check, marked "Alexandria-Richmond."

'Alexandria-Richmond.'
Inquiry at the hotels showed that
he had not registered here in the past

matter this morning. He will summons Engineer Mike Kelly, Fireman Jack Hawks, Conductor Day and Flagman Silas P. Brown, of the train that ran

ONE HUNDRED ARE DROWNED AT SEA

BONA, ALGERIA, Nov. 4.-A hundred persons were drowned last slight by the sinking of theu French steemer Gironde, after having been in collision with the French steamer A. Schleaffano, near Herbillon, twenty-three miles from Bona. The Gironde left Bona with 10 passengers, of whom 100 were Algerian natives.

AT TIFTON, GEORGIA

(By Associated Press.)
MACON, GA., Nov. 4.—Tifton, Ge., suffered the most disastrous confingration in the history of the city to-day. Tonight the loss is estimated at approximutely \$250,000. There were no casual

Dr. Edward's Doctrine.

Editor of The Times-Dispatch:
Sir.—By the publication of the article
in the issue of The Times-Dispatch of
Sunday, September Ith, I have received
soveral letters commendatory with
thanks, and messages and remarks qualfiled by such as "a loss of mental power
by senile decreptude as condemnatory
and almost u proper subject for a commission of lunacy." With such a result
I would like to put the whole substance
of my religion, which is the cause of it,
in one of your daily issues, if you could
kindly oblige me. It will be done in as

are reflex actions which materialize su stance, things, objects and facts, which are the constitutional elements and exc

gious inventions and their numberless mixtures are absolutely worthless, and the great unknown of which they speak is the best witness of thor worthlessness.

To the pleasures and blessings in the summary above, which we now have set before us, we may add those of an endless future which awaits us after Christ shall have finished His work at the end of one thousand years; He will "deliver up His kingdom to His Father, and the tabernacie of God will be with men, and God Himself shall dwell with them and be above all, in all and through all," and as all pain, anguish, agony, weeping, wailing and gnashing of teetin and all evil shall be cast into the bottomiese pit of eternal oblivion from the presence of the Lord and the glory of His power, which can increase infinitely the trilling pleasures and unspeakable joys of His sons and daughters as they pass along the cycles osahms et of the eternal ages.

If the reader has no higher aspiration

Free Wine

We Prove all This by Sending You a Free Trial Bottle on Request.

DRAKE FORMULA COMPANY, Grake Bidg., Chicago, Ill.

Nature's Gift—Beautiful Hair.

Xanthine Hair Restorative prevents dandruff, promotes growth, restores hair to its natural color and a healthy condition.

or and a healthy condition.

Druggists Sell It.

Charges prepaid on all orders addressed to

XANTHINE CO., Richmond, Va.

Lanesville, Va.

A Sensible Prohibitionist.

Editor of The Times-Dispatch:

Sir.—If your courtesy will permit I desire to say a few words through the columns of your valued paper to others of like political faith. Incline in the fundamental principles of Democracy, first, last and all the time, with the addition of the righteous principle of prohibition. I have noticed in recent editions of our daily papers several articles in which the ground was rightly taken that a hallot cast in a righteous cause was not thrown away even though the cause was not hirowally where all opposing factions are the Prohibition ticken by the control of the last the seven them is of the two largest political parties, and the outcome of the battle between them is of as vital importance to Prohibitionists, desire above all things that right shall triumph, and believe that with the enforcement of prohibition principles our country will be morally and materially benefited, and there are many Democrats who share this view with the importance of the battle ended the cause the important point to which I wish to call your attention. The Democratic party undestinably stands for reform both moral and political, both of which we also desire, and since it is avident that we cannot most with complete success at the comiling circlion, The lieve with the pall of the politic of a cause which has a reasonable prospect of accomplishing a long step in the right direction. Then let every Prohibitionist who have palled the step and consider, and so the politic of the politic

Very truly yours,
PROHIBITIONIST-DEMOCRAY

THE VERY OLDEST. Veteran of Several Wars Living

in Virginia Is 110 Years Old.

in Virginia Is 110 Years Old.
Editor of The Times-Dispatch:
Sir.—In Patrick, Clark, of Lucky Hill,
on the Southern Rallway, between Remington and Bealston, Fauquier county,
can boast of probably the oldest Confederate veteran living to-day.
Born in Treland in 1794, he emigrated
to this country when a small lad, with
his parents. At eighteen he enlisted in
the American army and served through
the entire war of 1812.
In 1847 he joined the Dighth United
States regulars, sailed from New York
city to Vera Cruz, was placed in General
Worth's famous division, and took a very
active part in all the fighting that led

School for Domestic Science. At No. 212 North Nineteenth Street is the beginning of a work which, successfully operated, will influence, either directly or indirectly, almost every household in this city. Nor is it expected to stop at that, but the influence emanating therefrom will spread over the entire South.

The School for Domestic Science is in no way a sectarian institution. It is founded and supported by a club consisting of representative ladles from all denominations. Some of its officers are the following:

third vice-president, Mrs. H. B. Velenting, and trained to do skilful work in the Southland is there a work more.

There are no fixed dues in this, as in other clubs, dut each member individual in the sense that other educational centers are missionary; for the truest help two can give men and women is to teach them to help themselves.

It expects to demonstrate not only to the girls that service in the home will be for them more helpful morally and physically, but a better, happler place than in the factory, and for the house keepers it is to be an institution which can supply our homes with white girls, taught first of all those principles that are the fruit of the Christian religion, and trained to do skilful work in the home.

In the Southland is there a work more plantfully needed?

The church of First Of Hamselves, and the principles that are the fruit of the Christian religion, and trained to do skilful work in the home.

In the Southland is there a work more plantfully needed? ome.

In the Souhtland is there a work more painfully needed?

In the building there are, respectively, a dting room, sewing room, dining room, tichen, five bed rooms and bath, forme of the girls being trained will live

kitchen, five bed rooms and bath, for some of the girls being trained will live in the house. The house has been furnished chiefly by the generous hearted, responsive merchants of the city; some private donations also have been received.

The club has enough money in hand to pay for instruction and rent, but the school needs fuel and provisions, too. To this end, Monday, November 7th, has been appointed donation day, and the housekeepers and citzens are requested to send on or before that day anything, great or email, in the line of provisions and tuel.

The club needs a guarantee of fifty dollars a month more to carry on this great work, and the influence and pairoage of every housekeeper and citzen of the city. At its next meeting, Wednesday, the indies will be most glad to welcome new members.

The house will be opened for inspection by the public after November 7th, and Miss Gulley, the superintendent, will be glad to have any lady call at the building who would like to learn more of the school and its work.

An Intelement was Foots.

A Few Foreign Facts. The game of chess is still included in the curriculum of Russan schools.

Automobile trains are to be run on wagon roads in German East Africa as reeders to the railway lines.

The progressive policy of the Ameer includes the appointment of women doctors at Cabul, and the use of electric power in his gun factory. Louis Tas, one of the best known dia-mond brokers, estimates the output of the De Beers mines annually at \$4,500,000. Add to this the coss of labor, the profits

OWNING A BOOK

HUNTER & CO., No. 629 E. Broad St., RICHMOND, VA.

Regard for Woman." Sunday school at \$18 A. M.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH (CORNER OF Twelfth and Broad Streets). Preaching at II A. M. and 8 P. M. by Dr. S. C. MITCHELL. Strangers and others cordially welcomed. SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH (CORNER SIXth and Main Streets). Dr. W. R. L. SMITH, pastor. Worship at II A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday school 9:30 A. M. Thomas H. Starke, Supt. GRACE STREET BAPTIST CHURCH (CORNER of Grace and Foushee Streets)—Rev. CHAS. S. GARDNER, D. D., pastor.—Sunday school at 9:30 A. M. Preaching by the pastor at II A. M. and 8 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. BAPTIST CHURCH (CORNER Grace and Prine)—Rev. BYLAND KNIGHT. Ph. D., pastor.—Preaching by the pastor at I. A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday achool at 915 Strangers cordially w..come.

BROAD STREET METHODIST EPISCOPAL HUHCH-Rev. GEO. H. SPOONER, pastor.-forning subject, "The Bride-Eleot." Evening ervice conducted by Rev. W. V. TUDOR, rvice conductor by Ass. The Church of the Church and Fifth Streets lev. W. J. YOUNG, D. D., pastor.—Services and sermons by the pastor at 11 A. M. and 8. M. Morning subject, "Memorial Days" vening subject, "The Things that Make and he Things that Unmake the Home' (sku) ermon of the Series on the home). Sunday chool at 9:39 A. M. All seats free; all are writed.

FIRST ENGLISH LUTHERAN CHURCE (Seventh Street, between Broad and Grace) Rev. C. A. MARKS, pastor—Services II.A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesday night at 3 o'clock. CHRISTIAN BUIENNESS. SERVICES Sunday morning III.S. Subject of sermon. "Mortals and morning III.S. Uvdenesday ovening Standay morning III.S. Wednesday ovening Standay morning III.S. Wednesday ovening Standay Mortals and III. Subject of services III. Subject of Ser All are welcome. JERUSALEM. AND SWED-NEW JERUSALEM MISSION AND SWED-ENBORG free reasons room and lending library open daily. 201 SUPERIS, pastor, Services, Rev. JUNIUS H. SEPERIS, pastor, Services, A. M., Sunday school 19 A. M. All welcome.

CHARLES VALUE TO THE PARTY OF T of the syndicates, etc., and he thinks that the annual output of diamonds is worth about \$55,000,000.

Probably the first treaty of peace to be typewritten is the South African peace document. The signatures of the Boer leaders form an interesting part of it. They are all in different styles. I fouls Botha's is described as being in a fine hand, and though the others are somewhat rougher, Dehurdy's is the roughest of all. He has spelled his name split into three syllables, de la Rey. Christian do Wet is also spelled with a small d.

North Carolina Sentiment. The Charlotte Chronicle comes right out and says:
The man who will not take his chil-dren to the circus to see the animals is too mean to argue with.

The Raieigh News-Observer says:
North Carolina raised last rear 58350
bales of cotton. According to the figures
of Latian, Alexander and Company, it
manufactured 539,811 bales. Next year
the new mills and increased spindles in
North Carolina will require more cotton,
than the State raises.

than the State raises.

The aditor of the Raisigh Post, who is nothing if not a good judge, saye:
It is said that a Chicago chemist has discovered an antiseptic wash that renders kisses harmless. Next thing well hear of some fellow who will claim a discovery to render them better. They may be made harmless, but they are good enough already.

LAXO cures any case of constitution.